

# NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR SUGARCANE IN THE ROCKY POINT DISTRICT

## Ameliorants

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Table 1 – Lime guidelines for acid soils (when pH water < 5.5)	
CEC (meq/100g)	Lime application (tonnes/ha)
0 – 4.0	1.25
4.0 – 8.0	2.5
8.0 – 16.0	4
> 16.0	5

Table 2 – Lime guidelines based on exchangeable soil calcium (Ca)	
Soil calcium (meq/100g)	Lime application (tonnes/ha)
< 0.2	4
0.2 – 0.4	3.5
0.4 – 0.6	3
0.6 – 0.8	2.5
0.8 – 1.2	2
1.2 – 1.6	1.5
1.6 – 2.0	1.0
> 2	0

Table 3 – Magnesium (Mg) guidelines based on exchangeable Mg						
Soil Mg (amm-acet) meq/100g	< 0.05	0.06 – 0.10	0.11 – 0.15	0.16 – 0.20	0.21 – 0.25	> 0.25
Mg rate (kg/ha)	150	125	100	75	50	0

Table 4 – Silicate guidelines based on reserves and available soil silicon (Si)				
	Si (BSES/sulphuric acid)		Si (CaCl)	Suggested application rate
Si (mg/kg)	< 70	and	< 10	Mud/ash at 100-150 wet t/ha

Table 5 – Gypsum guidelines for sodic soils	
ESP (%)	Gypsum rate (tonnes/ha)
< 5	0
5 - 10	2
10 - 15	4
> 15	6

Table 6 – Modifications to ameliorant application rates where mill by-products have been applied			
Product	Application rate	Reduce the next Ag lime application by:	Magnesium (Mg)
Mill mud	100 wet tonnes/ha	2 t/ha	Sufficient Mg for one crop cycle
	150 wet tonnes/ha	2 t/ha	Sufficient Mg for one crop cycle

Nitrogen (N)											
Table 7 – Nitrogen (N) fertiliser guidelines											
District Yield Potential	Crop	All soils except acid peat soils							Acid Peat soils		
		Organic C (%), N mineralisation index and N application rate (kg/ha)							Organic C (%), N mineralisation index and N application rate (kg/ha)		
		< 0.4	0.4 – 0.8	0.8 – 1.2	1.2 – 1.6	1.6 – 2.0	2.0 – 2.4	> 2.4	< 3.0	3.0 – 6.0	> 6.0
		VL	L	ML	M	MH	H	VH	L	M	H
120 tc/ha	Plant	140	130	120	110	100	90	80	140	130	120
	Replant and ratoon	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	160	150	140

**Note:** The following criteria are used to categorise a soil as an Acid Peat in the Rocky Point District:

1. pH (water) is < 5.5
2. Organic C (%) is > 2
3. Sulphate S (mg/kg) is > 200

Table 8 – Calculation of Nitrogen (N) rate discount following a legume crop				
Legume crop	N%	Crop dry mass (t/ha)	N discount if cover crop (kg/ha)	N discount if grain harvested (kg/ha)
Soybean	3.5	8	360	120
		6	270	90
		4	180	60
		2	90	30
Cowpea	2.8	8	290	100
		6	220	75
		4	145	50
		2	70	25
Lablab	2.3	8	240	80
		6	180	60
		4	120	40
		2	60	20

Table 9 – Modifications to nitrogen (N) application rate where mill by-products have been applied				
Product	Application rate	To be subtracted from the appropriate N application rate (kg/ha)		
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Mill mud	100 wet tonnes/ha	50	25	0
	150 wet tonnes/ha	80	40	20

Notes for determining appropriate N application rate

1. Determine baseline N rate from Table 7 by using the Organic C (%) value to determine N mineralisation index and N requirement for crop.
2. Calculate N rate discount for sugarcane crops that follow a legume crop, using Table 8.
3. If mill by-products were applied prior to planting, use Table 9 to determine N rate discount for the N contribution from mill mud and mud/ash mixture.

Example 1.

The Organic C value is 0.8%, the N mineralisation index is low (L), a crop of soybeans was grown with an estimated 6 t/ha dry mass that was harvested for grain.  
The calculation for the N requirement for a plant crop using the replant rate to establish baseline N rate:  $150 - 90 = 60 \text{ kg N/ha}$

Example 2.

The Organic C value is 0.8%, the N mineralisation index is low (L) and a mud/ash mixture was applied to the fallow block at 150 wet tonnes/ha.

N requirement for year 1:  $130 - 50 = 80 \text{ kg N/ha}$

N requirement for year 2:  $150 - 20 = 130 \text{ kg N/ha}$

N requirement for year 3:  $150 - 10 = 140 \text{ kg N/ha}$



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### Phosphorus

**Table 10 – Phosphorus (P) fertiliser guidelines**

PBI	P sorption class	Crop	BSES P (mg/kg) range and P application rate kg/ha								
			< 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 – 40	40 - 50	50 - 60	60 - 120	> 120
> 420	Very high	Plant and replant	80	50	40	30	30	30	30	30	0
		Ratoon	40	40	30	25	20	20	20	20	0
281 - 420	High	Plant and replant	80	50	40	30	20	20	0	0	0
		Ratoon	40	40	30	25	20	10	0	0	0
140 - 280	Moderate	Plant and replant	60	40	30	20	20	20	0	0	0
		Ratoon	30	30	20	20	15	5	0	0	0
< 140	Low	Plant and replant	40	30	30	20	20	20	0	0	0
		Ratoon	20	20	15	10	10	0	0	0	0

**Table 11 – Modifications to phosphorus (P) application rate where mill by-products have been applied**

Product	Application rate	P contribution
Mill mud	100 wet tonnes/ha	Sufficient P for one crop cycle
	150 wet tonnes/ha	Sufficient P for two crop cycles

### Potassium (K)

**Table 12 – Potassium (K) fertiliser guidelines**

Nitric K (meq/100g)	Texture	Crop	Exchangeable K (meq/100g) K application rate (kg/ha)						
			< 0.20	0.20 – 0.25	0.26 – 0.30	0.31 – 0.35	0.36 – 0.40	0.41 – 0.45	> 0.45
< 0.70	Sand	Plant	100	80	50	50	0	0	0
		Replant and ratoon	120	120	100	80	50	0	0
	Loam	Plant	120	100	80	50	0	0	0
		Replant and ratoon	120	120	100	100	80	50	0
	Clay	Plant	120	120	100	80	50	0	0
		Replant and ratoon	120	120	100	100	100	80	0
> 0.70	Sand	Plant	80	50	0	0	0	0	0
		Replant and ratoon	100	100	80	50	0	0	0
	Loam	Plant	100	80	50	0	0	0	0
		Replant and ratoon	100	100	100	80	50	0	0
	Clay	Plant	100	100	80	50	0	0	0
		Replant and ratoon	100	100	100	100	80	50	0

**Table 13 – Modifications to potassium (K) application rate where mill by-products have been applied**

Product	Application rate	To be subtracted from the appropriate K application rate (kg/ha)	
		Year 1	Year 2
Mill mud	100 wet tonnes/ha	25	0
	150 wet tonnes/ha	40	0

### Sulfur (S)

**Table 14 – Sulfur fertiliser guidelines**

For all soils except acid peat soils		Acid peat soils		
Sulfate-S (mg/kg)	S application rate (kg/ha)	S application rate based on N mineralisation categories (kg/ha)		
		L	M	VH
< 5	25	25	20	15
5 – 10	15	15	10	5
11 – 15	10	10	5	0
> 15	0	0	0	0

**Table 15 – Modifications to sulfur (S) application rate where mill by-products have been applied**

Product	Application rate	To be subtracted from the appropriate S application rate (kg/ha)		
		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Mill mud	100 wet tonnes/ha	5	5	5
	150 wet tonnes/ha	10	10	10

### Micronutrients

**Table 16 – Copper (Cu) fertiliser guidelines**

Copper (DTPA)	Application rate
< 0.2 mg Cu/kg	10 kg Cu/ha once per crop cycle

**Table 17 – Zinc (Zn) fertiliser guidelines**

Zinc (HCL)	Application rate
< 0.6 mg Zn/kg	10 kg Zn/ha once per crop cycle

These guidelines summarise information contained in the SIX EASY STEPS® district specific Nutrient Management program.  
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